

FASHION BOOKS
BOOKS, ENGLISH PAPERS
STATIONERY, MAGAZINES
TOBACCO, CIGARETTES
BLUNDELL'S
Broadway
VOLUME 5

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

OUR SLOGAN: An Industrial Metropolis of Industrious People Who Pull Together.

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA, FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1915.

INSIST ON GETTING
PATTERSON'S BREAD
From Your Grocer
OR PHONE 43
NUMBER 35

MAY GET SHELL ORDER FOR REDCLIFF MILL

If So Will Rent Rolling Mills Here and Employ About 100 More Men—1,000 Shells a Day Is Proposed.

There appears to be good prospects for a large order for the manufacture of shells for the British government coming to Redcliff in the near future. A number of men in Calgary are interested in the matter and they were here last week feeling if they could make arrangements with some of the plants here to handle the goods. They visited the rolling mill and decided that it was one of the best plants in the province for such an undertaking after the proper machinery were installed.

We understand arrangements were made with the management of the rolling mill to rent the required amount of floor space, the power and some of the machinery. If a sufficiently large order can be secured it is the intention to install fifteen rollers and employ a staff of about one hundred men night and day. When all the machinery is installed the mill will have a capacity for turning out 1,000 shells a day.

If they are successful in carrying out their present plans it will also mean that a number of boxes will be required to ship the shells in. It will mean a lot of work for the planing mill, and will furnish employment for an additional twenty-five or thirty men.

Another Redcliff Boy Wounded at the Front

Major Bott is in receipt of a letter today from John Wood, a reservist who left Redcliff at the start of the war. Wood is with the King's Royal Rifles, and has been twice wounded in the front line. He is now in the hospital suffering from an injured leg. He had a badly shot and for a time thought he was going to lose it but in his letter he says the doctors are now going to be able to save it. Wood worked in the shoe factory here and says he hopes to soon be back at his work again.

Tension Relaxes in Official Washington

Official announcement of the German government, relieving tension to the laws of humanity and international law were received from Ambassador Gerhard, of Berlin. The message came at the close of a day marked by a more optimistic feeling in official quarters that the German and war would forestall any possibility of war between the nations and also avoid a breach of diplomatic relations.

Apparently there was a general relaxation of tension in the international situation. No answer to the American rejoinder is expected before ten days at least, and there is a conviction that the British government will await the arrival there of Meyer Gerhard, official representative of Ambassador Von Winterstetter, before the answer is framed.

War Tax Brings in Nearly Two Million

The minister of finance, Hon. W. T. White, estimates in a statement that from information compiled by officials of the department the special war revenue act passed last fall will bring in \$1,865,000 in revenue up to July 1, next.

Bank note circulation, his statement will bring in \$240,000; trust and loan companies, \$255,000; insurance companies, \$77,000; while stamp taxes generally including stamps on negotiable instruments, money orders, letters and post cards, patent medicines, perfumery, etc., will bring in \$485,000. This makes a total of \$1,865,000. Taxes on railway and telegraph companies will not be available until later.

Tennis Tournament Proving Interesting

The tennis court is the busiest place in town these days, and is furnishing much amusement and wholesome sport for both young and old. Interest is being taken in the tennis tournament and good progress is being made. The following is the standing of the contestants at present:

Pi	1
Gibson-Cole	2
Sherwin-Routledge	3
Woodcock-Kennedy	4
Wagstaff-Sherwin	5
Chatterton-Brecker	6
Gooden-Lynn	7
Dickey-White	8
Bratt-Baird	9
Kennedy-Wills	10

European Enemies Scrap on Broadway

That the warlike spirit which prevails throughout all Europe at the present time, exists between all citizens of the countries now at war no matter where they are, was demonstrated here Tuesday evening when an Italian and an Austrian met on Broadway and proceeded to do battle on neutral ground. The two had been working together for some time on the section between here and Bowell. They had been eating together and had been buying their groceries from Mac Con here. The Austrian was discharged and was trying to get out of town without paying his share of the grocery bill. To the proprietor of the store he said he had not yet received his check. This the Austrian was not true, so he proceeded to take the law into his own hands and compelled the Austrian to produce his check. The Austrian refused to do so. This naturally required some forcing, but just as the two were beginning their mutual struggle, the Canadian Major Bott happened along and put an end to what otherwise might have been a bill for blood. He saw the two and the chief escorted the two to the police station, and at three o'clock in the afternoon they had an exposure of doing things. The Austrian was taken to the hospital, where the above was discovered to be the cause of the trouble. They were both fined \$100 and costs, but the Austrian was detained pending further investigation.

How to Send Goods to Soldiers

The following official announcement has been issued by Mrs. Plummer, Secretary of the National Service Committee:

"Bales for the Canadian War Council Association must be made of 56 pounds in weight and should only contain soft goods such as socks and shirts, with contents marked plainly on the outside of the bale and packed by water proof material. All other goods as candles, soap and tobacco, razors, pens, etc., must be packed in wooden cases not to exceed 56 lbs. in weight. A box should only contain one class of article.

Cables received from England report that 91 bales containing mixed contributions chiefly from Western Canada, have arrived with the contents mixed together and destroyed by water. All those who desire to ship goods for the men in the trenches are earnestly requested to carry out the above regulations; durable articles, such as tobacco, razors, pens, etc., must be packed in cases plainly marked on the outside.

MOUNTED POLICE ARREST GERMAN ON SEDITION CHARGE

A German immigrant named G. H. was brought before Inspector G. H. on both last Saturday morning and remanded for eight days. He is arrested at the point of a 45 gun by Corp. Clark in the Ross Glen district on a charge of uttering seditious language against the British crown. It is understood that firearms were found on the premises and also certain marked maps.

MUCH ADLER-KE IS USED IN REDCLIFF

It is reported by C. T. Hall, much Adler-Ke is sold in Redcliff. People have found out that ONE SPOONFUL of this simple but powerful bark and glycerine mixture relieves almost ANY case of constipation, nervous or gastric misery. It is so powerful that it is used successfully in appendicitis. ONE MINUTE after you take it the gasses subside and pain ceases. It is perfectly safe and relieves grip.

HAPPY ALTHOUGH WOUNDED



Above are the pictures of six typical Canadian soldiers, who were wounded at Langemark and are now in the open-air hospital at Cliveden, Bucks.

REGULAR MEETING OF COUNCIL VERY QUIET

The regular meeting of the town council was held in the council chamber last Monday evening. Mayor Bott was in the chair and the following councillors present: Ireland, Oates, and Robertson.

After the reading and adoption of the minutes of previous meeting, the mayor drew the attention of the council to an item recorded in the minutes in which Burns & Hollinger asked to have certain lots get back into farm lands. The judge in council had granted this application, but the Mayor informed the council that he had four days in which to register a protest. On motion of Councillors Ireland and Robertson, the town solicitor was instructed to send against the order of the judge in the above matter.

On motion of Councillors Ireland and Robertson the action of the mayor or clerk re hypotheccating debentures to the bank was approved.

A letter was read from K. P. Crothers asking for one week's opinion on some of the debentures now for sale. On motion of Councillors Oates and Ireland the matter was referred to the mayor and clerk to deal with.

A letter was read from Chief Reynolds drawing attention of the council to certain bylaws regarding licences and asking for the council's instruction concerning same. The matter was referred to the town solicitor.

After a few small accounts were passed and ordered paid, the council adjourned.

Canadian Casualties Nearing 9,000 Mark

The Canadian casualty list is fast climbing towards the 9,000 mark. The number of casualties it has been stated that the Canadians suffered from the beginning of the battle of Langemark until the forces from the Dominion were given a chance to re-organize and re-battle the line. The total reported killed was 1,540, of whom 1,540 were killed, and 5,600 wounded. The missing number 1,706.

ARRIVE IN ENGLAND

The C.P.R. steamer Mackinac, which sailed from Montreal June 4, with about 1,000 soldiers and nurses on board, reached Plymouth, England, safely last Monday morning. The largest unit on the transport was the 21st battalion from the west, and the first of reinforcements from the 21st battalion. There were also 50 nurses from all over Canada, a number from Nova Scotia, going to join the R. A. M. C. and the Eaton machine gun battery, Toronto, raised by Sir John Eaton.

News has been received from Mudro that a British submarine torpedoed and sunk three Turkish transports.

Hold Barbecue on River Bank

Last Wednesday evening a number of young people from town organized a picnic party and went down to the river bank, where they held an old time barbecue. In the dusk of the twilight they indulged in a number of outdoor games. After dark a large bonfire was prepared and the tripod erected. To the tripod an old fashioned grill was fastened and on this the boys, who were supposed to supply the lunch, proceeded to roast a liberal supply of the national products taken from the distasteful animal commonly called the mosquito. Several side dishes were also prepared consisting of grasshoppers' legs, and wood chuck's cheeks. On the whole the boys prepared a most whole some and palatable lunch, which was much enjoyed by all. The girls hope the boys will have several such affairs during the summer.

Temperance Meeting Attracts Good Crowd

A meeting in the interests of temperance was held in Reid's hall last Tuesday evening. There was a good turnout and great interest in the movement was manifested by all present. Rev. Clydehead, of Carleton, who was advertised to be present and address the meeting, was unable to get here, as he is being moved to a new place. Mr. McPherson, of Medicine Hat, was present to take Mr. Clydehead's place, and gave an interesting address on the bill which is to be submitted to the electors on the 21st of next month. In his remarks he drew attention to several clauses in the act which were taken exception to by the liquor interest, and pointed out that they were being given to the liquor interest by those opposed to the carrying of the act. He made a strong plea to those present to vote with the temperance forces till the last minute on election day and not to be afraid to come out and take a definite stand on this question.

Successful Evening By Uniteds Club

The white drive and dance held in Reid's hall last Friday evening drew the smallest of the United football club was a great success from every standpoint. There were about sixty couples present and promptly at six o'clock the white game started. The first prize was won by Miss Gray, and Mrs. Gray won the prize of a silver fruit dish, was the prize of a silver fruit dish, was the prize of a silver fruit dish, was the prize of a silver fruit dish.

United Win in Charity Cup Game

A most interesting football game was played here last evening between the Nomads of Medicine Hat and the United in the Charity cup series. When the game started the weather looked very threatening, but it cleared off before the crowd got too wet for play. The home team started off with a rush and forced the play all the way through, winning out by a goal and two points. It was one of the best games of the season and the teams were much more evenly matched than the score would indicate. The United were very well played in the running for the cup, as they have only lost one game in this series. They play their next game in Medicine Hat against the Moose on the 29th of this month.

Changing Trade

Figures for the latest fiscal year show, for the first time in many years, a favorable trade balance for Canada, that is for the year ended March 31, 1915, Canada exported more than she imported by \$15,000,000.

Interesting Map of Western Provinces

A new 13th edition of a publication which is very interesting and instructive to all who follow the progress of settlement in Western Canada, is now being distributed from the Railway Lands Branch of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, in the form of a map. The map is issued in three separate sheets, the Manitoba and Alberta sheets now being available for distribution and the sheet covering Saskatchewan to follow at an early date.

C. P. R. Time Table

HART BOUND—No. 4, 10:30, stop at 11:15.
WEST BOUND—No. 3, 10:00, stop at 11:25, 22:30, stop.
Nos. 1 and 2 leave and do not stop and consist of only through Pullman and Colonist sleeping cars.
No. 4 leaves Calgary at 14:05, No. 13 leaves Medicine Hat at 22:30, No. 3 leaves Medicine Hat at 9:40.
Medicine Hat to Lethbridge.
No. 511 leaves Medicine Hat at 10:10, arrives Lethbridge 10:30; No. 512 leaves Medicine Hat at 23:40, arrives Lethbridge 11:15.
No. 514 leaves Lethbridge at 24:50, arrives Medicine Hat at 23:40, No. 512 leaves Lethbridge at 14:50, arrives Medicine Hat 10:10.
The Austin-German rail in Galicia is an agent. Both Berlin and Vienna officially lay claim to progress.

ORNAMENTAL PLANT CAN DO GOOD WORK

Bassano Firm Say They Will Give Them Big Orders When They Start Operations—Are Most Enthusiastic Over Possibilities.

G. F. Watson, of Bassano, and Theo. T. Tannabill, of Washington, were in town yesterday on business. It is the intention of these two gentlemen to start a large manufacturing plant in Bassano for the manufacture of electrical clocks, and they were here to see if they could make arrangements with the Ornamental Plant Works to supply them with certain castings, bronze dial, clock hands and ornamental standards for street clocks.

In conversation with these gentlemen after they had visited the Ornamental plant at the plant here, they said that this plant here was one of the best they had visited west of Chicago and they had no doubts as to its satisfactory turn out of the class of work they wanted for their business. They saw samples of similar work turned out at the plant here and they it is as good as can be done on any similar plant in this continent. The two gentlemen are most enthusiastic over the possibilities of this plant to have lots of this class of work to do and will assuredly come to Redcliff.

In their plan which they are establishing at Bassano it is their intention to make what is known as electrical clocks. The system consists of a large master clock, which by electricity connects regular and controls all the clocks in a building, in a town or in several towns as the case may be, or as is desired. This master clock may be owned by each town or each large building may have its own master clock. In the case of the town owning the master clock, all other clocks in the town connected up with the system would have the same time. These two gentlemen are most enthusiastic over the future development of their system, and feel sure they will be able to supply the market for the Ornamental plant here to do.

Alberta Farmers Win Frisco Prizes

Out of seventeen entries of Western Canada grain made at the San Francisco Fair, seventeen have won first prizes. The biggest prize winners are George Perry, of Carleton, who has qualified in the 13th Mounted Rifles, and Nick Tallingher of Carleton. A. E. Barnes, of Bow Island, won a silver medal for oats; A. L. Friesberg of Bassano, a gold medal for spelt; O. Hanson, Pincher Creek, a gold medal for wheat and a silver medal for oats; J. Peterson, Raymond, a silver medal for timothy; A. Maynard, Deloraine, Man., a silver medal for wheat. Sixteen out of seventeen prizes were won by Alberta exhibitors.

Judge Gives Warning To British Subjects

In passing sentences on Reynold Howard, a German farmer who had fled to the United States and the United States were preparing to start a fight in this country when the group line came. Justice here issued an appeal to all British-born to watch their alien neighbors and neighbors and neighbors happened to report at once to the police, who could investigate. He declared that no chances could be taken.

SIX MORE COUNTIES DRY IN MINNESOTA

Anti-saloon forces scored additional victories in the county option elections in Minnesota last Tuesday. Out of seven counties voting went in to the dry column. Seventy saloons in these counties will have to close permanently by blowing in place a saloon. In six counties the saloons were to close. The counties that voted dry were Wright, 27 saloons; Big Stone, 15 saloons; Puffer, 10 saloons; Marshall, 5 saloons; Wadena, 2 saloons.

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HARRISON, Proprietor
Ed. L. SPENCE, Editor.
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FRIDAY, JUNE 18, 1915.

THE GOOSE AND THE GOLDEN EGG

At the present time there is a great demand in Europe for Canadian cattle, and it is announced that one of the largest packing firms in Western Canada will ship to France this month 50,000 head of cattle, principally young heifers, for the purpose of re-stocking French farms.

No doubt good prices will be offered and no doubt many farmers in southern Alberta this year are badly in need of the money, but if a newspaper may be pardoned for offering suggestions to a farmer, who would advise that they should not be carried away by the high prices to the extent of disposing of all their young heifers. Prices are good now but they are likely to remain good for several years to come. It would be a mistake, therefore, for farmers to spoil the start they may have made in mixed farming by getting rid of their female stock because of the tempting price offered.

This matter of not allowing young female stock to go out of the country does not rest wholly with the man who produces it. If he is short of food, or in need of money, he has a right to sell when and what he can, but it is surely time that some broad scheme was devised whereby this waste would be prevented. To allow these young animals to be shipped out of Canada now, as far as the Canadian West is concerned, is a repetition in another form of killing the goose which lays the golden eggs.

EXPENDING USELESS ENERGY

For some time past two Medicine Hat papers have been devoting considerable editorial space with an evident desire to see which can do the most much raking. To date it is hard to say which is succeeding best. The whole controversy reminds us very much of school boy days when one lad would say to another, "You show me your sore finger and I'll show you my sore toe." These two papers have been showing their sore toes and sore fingers so long now that they are beginning to get very tiresome and disgusting.

Since papers are expected to print what their subscribers like to read, this exposing of sore toes editorially is none too complimentary to the intelligence of their readers.

Both papers in their endeavor to champion the cause of individuals and political parties evidently think the best way of doing it is by saying all the nasty things they can about the other fellow and party. This system is a relief of days long since gone by. It is no great credit for a man to be honest and do his duty, nor is it necessary for one to shout about his honesty and what he has done from the houseposts and through the press. The man in a position to do things is only doing what thousands of other men would do if they were in the same position. Party papers seem to have the idea that a politician's success depends on the number of post offices and bridges he has built in his constituency.

Both papers have been trying to induce Redcliff's mayor to get into their sore toe and finger game with the hope of washing up some of their dirty linen, but we are glad to see he is steering clear of any of the baits thrown out.

If these two papers and those whom they are boosting and cri-

clicizing alternately would spend as much time and energy and space in trying to help solve the real problems which are confronting the west at the present time we feel much more good would be accomplished.

CANADA DOING ITS SHARE

There has been an impression abroad that the manufacture of munitions of war has not proceeded as rapidly in this country as was to be expected. This impression has now been effectively dispelled. Not only has the work been prosecuted in a most vigorous manner, but the adaptability of Canadian manufacturers to this new kind of production has been such that, in a comparatively sense, surprising results have been achieved.

Brigadier General Bertram announces that 130 firms are engaged in the manufacture of shells and munitions throughout the Dominion. These are represented by 247 factories located in 78 cities and towns. Between 60,000 and 70,000 artisans are employed at this work, who receive in wages \$1,000,000 a week. Already 700,000 shells have been made and the assurance is given that the daily production will soon be between 40,000 and 50,000.

All this work has not been done through stirring appeals to the patriotism of either manufacturers or workmen. It has been done quietly. General Hughes believed that he saw in the great demand for ammunition an opportunity of serving both Canada and the Empire, by adapting a large number of our big plants to work of this nature. Many of the leading manufacturers were skeptical of the feasibility of the proposal, but they were soon won over with very gratifying results. The Allies are not only being supplied with very necessary ammunition but the foundations are being laid of industries of the future.

A very flattering tribute to the work that is being done by this country has just been paid by Sir Percy Girouard. Speaking after Lord George at Bristol on Saturday he is reported to have said: "British wanted more than high explosive shells, and if a young country like Canada could supply complete rounds of ammunition, every district in England would be able to do the same."

The Dominion has done well in recruiting and equipping soldiers and seems likely to do equally well in manufacturing munitions. To the adaptability of our people and the energy of the Dominion Government is the credit due.

OUR WOMEN IN WAR

We are often told that women should take no part in war and that they are a far greater hindrance than help on a field of battle. This statement may perhaps be true as a general rule, but there is one great exception. All nations recognize women's work at the seat of war in caring for the wounded. It is in this direction that their help is of supreme importance, and it is to the world's Red Cross Societies that we turn when we want to learn the extent and details of voluntary help, as this society is the recognized channel by which the wounded are cared for in time of war.

The story of how the Red Cross Societies came into being is little known, and is well worth repeating. They were the result of a book written by Henri Dunant, a Swiss gentleman, who had been present at the battle of Solferino, when the terrible need for an international medical and nursing corps was forcibly brought home to him. His book made a great sensation and was translated into most European languages, with the result that the Geneva Society of Public Utility invited Mon-

sieur Dunant to submit a scheme which would cope with the evil. 'M. Dunant suggested that every nation should establish an efficient and voluntary corps of trained doctors and nurses, together with field hospital equipments, which would be guaranteed neutrality by contending nations in time of war. The Geneva Society called a convention to consider his suggestions and fourteen nations sent representatives. The following year (1864) twelve of these nations signed the convention which made neutral all medical service rendered by the Army Medical Corps or by voluntary Red Cross Societies, and since that date the scheme has spread so widely that at the present day the only countries that are not Red Cross Societies are China, Mexico and Brazil.

Already a large contingent of nurses have left Canada to work under the Red Cross banner in the hospitals in the Old Land, where they will give their time and experience to the great work of attending to our wounded and sick Canadian soldiers. It is a labor of love and Canada should feel honored that it has a splendid body of women who, given up, in many cases, splendid positions, to do their share for Canada and the Empire.

What a tribute we must lay at the feet of the women of Canada. The upkeep of a hospital, the running expenses, the salaries of the doctors, nurses and orderlies, and many other incidentals call for the expenditure of a large amount of money. The people of Canada have given to the needs of the Red Cross in a most generous manner and have never failed to respond when they have been called upon to give for some specific purpose or to the general work of the society.

In many cases a sum of money is of more value than a pair of socks or a dozen shirts for the soldier can be spent upon something that is badly needed in connection with the work of the hospitals. We have enjoyed our years of prosperity and pleasure; we are now suffering for the sake of humanity and we are living in times of peace and grave national crisis when not only the life blood of the

country is needed but the sacrifice of those who cannot take their place on the battlefield.

May Look to Canada

For Flax Supply

The spinning and linen industry in England has in the past secured its raw material from Germany, Russia and Austria-Hungary, and now that conditions are such as to render a further commerce in this line impossible, the mill owners are now looking to this country to supply them with the flax.

A representative of English linen interests, now in Saskatchewan, is quoted as saying that he is ready to buy from the Saskatchewan farmers from \$10,000,000 to \$15,000,000 worth of flax. It must be pulled and baled into twenty-pound bales. Saskatchewan is the greatest flax-growing province or state on the American continent, and many millions of dollars worth of flax here have every year been going up in smoke.

Russians Kill Over

20,000 in Fierce Fight

The German-Austro attack on Lemberg has been abandoned, according to the Petrograd correspondence of the London Daily News. The correspondent adds that with the defeat of Gen. Mackensen's army, Mackensen's army moved along the railway to Mosaic, and started an attack with three hours of terrific cannonade, in which the Russians did not reply.

"When the enemy's infantry was within 200 yards of the trenches the correspondent adds, 'the Russians opened a murderous fire, and charged. They took the enemy's front line along both sides of the railway and remained there. The Austro-Germans tried to fortify their second line but the Russians, pressing on in great numbers north and south, passed beyond a cross fire from both ends and killed over 2,000 before dawn, when the enemy began a disorderly retreat."

BRITAIN AND FRANCE

BUY BEEF IN ALBERTA.

The British and French governments are looking to the prairies of Alberta for supplies of beef for their armies, and heavy shipments are going forward. It has been estimated that one order will result in the expenditure of \$1,250,000 with the farmers of Alberta, and the laborers engaged in preparing the meat for shipment.

Iowa was awarded the grand prize for the state agricultural exhibit at the Panama-Pacific exposition, and all but four of 289 individual exhibitors of Iowa received prizes or honorable mention for agricultural exhibits.

Are You Mean Spirited And Cowardly?

DO YOU LACK THE NERVE TO FACE THE MAN YOU HOLD A SPITE AGAINST?

If so, vote for the proposed Liquor Act.

You can, through it, accuse the object of your spite with illegal liquor transactions. You are thoroughly protected. Your name need never be mentioned. (Read clause 44). The object of your spite will be held guilty until he himself proves his innocence.

THE PROPOSED LIQUOR ACT IS FULL OF DANGERS.

It means petty annoyances, petty persecutions, large financial losses, complete removal of any legislation controlling hotel accommodations.

It means class legislation, wholesale boot-legging, increased consumption of whisky as compared to beer, loss of revenue, large sums sent annually to outside points with not one cent paid to the government.

It means dives, lawlessness and encouragement of underhand business and underhand methods.

It means that the interdict has absolutely no protection against himself at all.

Ask any fair-minded temperance MAN if these things are not true. Do not see a crank, for his eyes are turned inward and they see only a self-made mental structure which he admires because he made it himself. He sees prohibition and

The Proposed Liquor Act Does Not Mean Prohibition



"No use, my friend, the current's too strong for you."



Mayflower Talcum Powder

Nyal's Mayflower Talcum is an experience to every first time user. Its touch is soft, soothing and refreshing. Its distinctive Mayflower perfume, delicate, individual, elusive. Ideal for every use to which you can put a Talcum.

Nyal Quality preparations can be obtained only in Nyal Quality Stores. Ask on them for free copy of Booklet entitled "Your Completion," giving full particulars of best methods of massage.

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Regular Communication Third Tuesday of Each Month.

Visiting Brethren Welcome.

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W. M.

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Meets first and third Monday of each month. Visitors welcome.

N. G. SISTER JEAN MAXELLER.

R. S. SISTER BERTHA HALL.

SONS OF ENGLAND

BENEFIT SOCIETY.

LODGE ROSEMEIRE No. 10.

Meets on second and fourth Tuesday in Crown's Hall.

H. E. HOWARD, President.

F. H. COURTNEILL, Secretary.

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Written in a first class company,

at \$70.00 per \$1,000.

To You Who Have Faith

In Redcliff

Now is the time to take advantage of present conditions and let your money work.

We have been offered several close-in properties at rock-bottom prices which we are unable to handle.

Several of our friends have offered to take shares and if you want one or more \$25 shares see us for particulars at once.

You'll be surprised to learn of the exceptional opportunity we offer you to get in on the basement floor.

CAN YOU BEAT IT?

LOT 36, BLOCK 126

Original townsite

\$70 cash, or \$75, 1-3-30 and 60 days.

SHIPLEY INVESTMENT

COMPANY.

PHONE 75

REDCLIFF, ALBERTA.

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CARPENTERS AND BUILDERS.

SEE US ABOUT YOUR DOORS

AND WINDOW SCREENS

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Atlas Lumber Company, Ltd.,

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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Lumber, Lath, Limbs,

Shingles, Plaster

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POULTRY, FRESH MEATS AND

FISH

Always on Hand.

HOME MADE SAUSAGES

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The Pioneer Hotel of the Town.

This is the only Modern Hotel in

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HOT AND COLD WATER IN

EVERY ROOM.

BATH ON EACH FLOOR.

BAR.

Fully Stocked with the best

Wines, Ales, Liquors and Cigars.

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\$30.00 to \$40.00 Per Month.

Meal Tickets

\$6.00 for 21 Meals.

D. BROADFOOT, Manager.

DR. DeVAN'S FEMALE PILLS

Medicine for all Female Complaints. It is a

purely natural remedy, and is

entirely free of any harmful

effects. It is a

reliable remedy for

all Female Complaints.

PHOSPHORUS FOR MEN

A French-made tonic for men. It is a

reliable remedy for

all Male Complaints.

MARITIME PROSPERITY

What "Made-in-Canada" Has Done in the Far East in Promoting Better Business

One of the most energetic Boards of Trade in Canada is that in St. John, New Brunswick. This organization has recently been very active in the "Made-in-Canada" campaign, especially emphasizing the desirability of people who live in the Maritime Provinces buying the products made in the provinces by the sea.

After several months publicity campaigning the St. John Board of Trade recently sent out a circular, asking the following questions:

1. Evidence of improvement in the business situation?

2. Is the "Made-in-Canada" movement having a beneficial effect?

A wholesale grocery firm, which is also engaged in spice manufacturing, replied in the following terms:

"There are quite decided evidences of improvement in business in the steady nature of the markets. The 'Made-in-Canada' movement is certainly having a beneficial effect. We find that manufacturers, brokers, jobbers and retailers are all emphasizing it accordingly."

A wholesale shoe firm reported: "Business is about as usual; in fact our shipments were considerably ahead of February last year. Our retail department shows a slight increase also, therefore, as far as our business is concerned, we feel that it is about normal."

Business From Canada

A leading firm of brush manufacturers replied most encouragingly: "Business so far we are considered has decidedly improved in the last six or eight weeks; so much so in fact that we are now busier than we have been since this time two years ago, and we have been forced to run overtime in some sections in order to catch up with our orders. This improvement is only a very slight extent due to business arising from the war; it came mainly from east of Winnipeg. We have no way of tracing the direct results of the 'Made-in-Canada' campaign, but from our general observations have no doubt that this has been an influential factor in stimulating trade."

One of the largest tea and coffee houses in St. John, said:

"We find in the west a more hopeful feeling, but without much improvement in sales. In Ontario there is a decided improvement. In the east trade, with the exception of a few places about normal. On the whole, it would appear that the outlook is most encouraging."

A prominent dry goods firm made this satisfactory report:

"We feel that the people of the Maritime Provinces have every reason to be thankful for the way business has kept up. Business was well sustained during the fall months and the Christmas trade was up to the pleasant season of 1913, and now indications for the spring business seem to be still more favorable each week."

These answers offer convincing proof that business is not as bad as was thought in the Maritime Provinces, that it is improving rapidly, and that the "Made-in-Canada" movement is assisting in restoring more favorable conditions.

How Canada Has Found Herself
National self-confidence was never fully asserted in this country until the outbreak of war. Till the treaty of the jack-boots began to vibrate in Europe we never really knew what it was to be doing entirely back upon our own resources. And the Made-in-Canada campaign is the best single expression of the change, it is one thing to have factories and railways booming in a time of fat prosperity when everything heads that way. It's a different thing to have to put your house in order and begin to look after your own affairs. Every dollar's worth of goods made and sold in this country in a time of war is a direct help to England in this case; but so much it is not as directly, as every bushel of wheat that we grow. The Made-in-Canada campaign is one of the inspirations of British self-help that the world over, and in it Canada can be truly said to have found herself.

IF YOU ARE A CONSUMER

Establish the fact in your mind that home-made goods are as good or better than those made abroad. Demand of your tradesman that he offer you goods made in Canada.

General News Notes
From Various Points

The honor and safety of the United States have been jeopardized by the failure of "our public servants," to provide adequately for defense in war. Sam Charles J. Bonaparte, former attorney general, in an address before the National Security League in New York last Monday night.

Loss of life and heavy property damage are reported in a series of local tornadoes accompanying a rain and electrical storm that swept through western and central Wisconsin last Sunday.

Germany, an important German station on the Senegal river, German West Africa, surrendered unconditionally to Anglo-French forces on June 11th.

At the capture of Montefiore the Italian found evidence of the exploding gases by the Austrians. A huge factory was found for the manufacture of the gases and miles of pipe lined through it was to be distributed. During the bombardment the factory was blown up so that now gas could be of no use to the Austrians as Montefiore was the only place they were manufactured.

Owing to the shortage of coal in Constantinople, from which it is made, the city is now in total darkness at night. The city is suffering from lack of food, which is distributed to Turks and not to Christians.

Letters coming from Sharncliffe indicate that the Canadians of the second contingent have none of the hardships that the men of the first underwent at Salisbury. The weather is ideal, Lieut. Douglas Stewart says, and the entire place is covered with beautiful wild flowers.

The strike of 14,000 street car employees in Chicago went into effect at midnight last Sunday. Not a wheel on the 1,181 miles of track of the surface and elevated lines turned after 4 o'clock, when the last crew took their cars into the barns. It was the first time in a generation that all street car service in Chicago was completely tied up. The strike has since been called off and all points at issue will be settled by arbitration.

An agreement has about been completed between the Dominion government and the G. T. P. whereby the Lake Superior branch passes into the hands of the government. The road is not to be purchased but leased for a long term. The annual rental, it is understood, will be \$500,000 per year.

A Berlin dispatch quotes the Berlin Post and the Tages Zeitung as urging that German submarines be ordered to sink the liners Arabis and Orinda, leaving America for England with cargoes of ammunition. The Berlin papers were quoted as saying that England apparently was not intimidated by the sinking of the Lusitania.

TAILORED SUITS
TO MEASURE

BY SPECIALIZED TEAM WORK
SUITS ARE MADE IN
FOUR DAYS

In One Year Semi-Ready Shops
Tailored Half-a-Million Worth
of Clothes to Special Order

"The growth of the Special Order business in Semi-ready tailoring is evidenced by the fact that within five years the growth in this particular department was over 600 per cent—a wonderful increase."

"Semi-ready Special Orders are made to measure in four full working days at the shops in Montreal. Not a moment is lost after the delivery of the order and measurement at this office on Ogilvie Street."

"Inside of an hour the web of cloth selected is on the cutter's board. The cut goes to the cutmakers, the vest to the vest makers and the trousers to another floor, and on the afternoon of the fourth day all three garments reach the inspection room within an hour of each other."

"Team work, efficiency and system in handling make the schedule as certain as the time of an express train."

"Suits are tailored to measure for \$15 and up. The customer is offered a selection of 100 patterns of worsteds, serges, tweeds, homespun, vicunas and other special cloth—all imported direct from England for the departments. Gibson & Tupper have the full Semi-ready line."

Heinze Herderberg, said to be a member of the aviation corps of the German imperial army, and who is believed to be wanted in connection with the investigation into the Lusitania disaster by the special federal grand jury in New York city, was taken into custody by special agents of the department of justice.

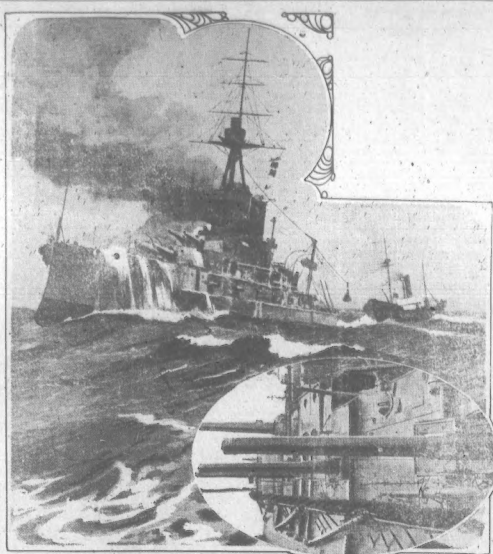
"The Lusitania was not armed and she never was fitted out as a transport," was one of the remarks by Sir Edward Carson, Attorney General in the new cabinet, in addressing court at the opening of the Board of Trade inquiry into the loss of the Cunard liner which was sent to the bottom of the coast of Ireland May 7 by a German submarine, with a loss of over 1,100 lives.

A federal grand jury in New York is making a thorough investigation to determine a conspiracy to defraud the United States by persons who obtained affidavits asserting that the steamship Lusitania carried four guns when she left port on her last trip on April 30th.

Premier Aquilino on morning a vote of credit for \$250,000,000 (\$1,250,000,000), informed the members of the house of commons that the expenditure in the next three months would be not less than \$15,000,000 daily.

In a three day battle on the Dnieper river of Zoravna, Galicia, which lasted from June 8 to 10, the Russians captured 348 officers and 15,421 soldiers, with 797 machine guns and 17 cannon, according to a Russian official statement issued under date of June 12.

The arsenal at Austro-Hungarian naval station of Pola has been almost entirely destroyed by bombs dropped from an Italian airship, according to Milan Herald. There were at the home in the arsenal ten warships including one battleship, two cruisers and several submarines. Some of these are supposed to have been damaged.



COALING THE IRON DUKE AT SEA

Sir John Jellicoe's flagship taking on fuel from a collier over a wire cable while the big waves break over the great warship's nose. Inset is a picture of a portion of the Iron Duke's broadside showing the long heavy guns run out ready for instant service.

How About Your

Business
Stationery

Letter Heads, Envelopes,
Bill Heads, Statements,
Invoices, Labels, etc.

AS WE HAVE ONE OF THE MOST
UP-TO-DATE PLANTS IN THE
WEST THERE IS NO NEED OF
SENDING OUT OF TOWN FOR
ANYTHING IN THESE LINES. WE
ALSO MAKE A SPECIALTY OF

Bills and Dodgers

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING IN
THIS LINE WE CAN DO IT FOR
YOU ON THE SHORTEST NOTICE.

Have the Review sent home to your friends

THE REDCLIFF REVIEW

W. H. HATCHER, Proprietor.

Support The Review and Boost Redcliff.

THE STONER AGENCIES
INSURANCE
IN 14 BIG COMPANIES

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital Authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital paid up	\$7,000,000
Reserve	\$7,000,000
Total assets	\$70,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO
PELEG HOWLAND, President. ELIAS ROGERS, Vice-President
EDWARD HAY, Gen. Mgr. WILLIAM MOPPATT, Asst Gen Mgr

SAVINGS ACCOUNT

Deposit of \$1.00 and paid upward and interest allowed from date of deposit.

DRAFTS AND MONEY ORDERS
BOUGHT AND SOLD

B. E. HOWARD, Manager - - - Redcliff, Alberta.

